



GAS/DIESEL REPORT

LAB NUMBER: D95618
 REPORT DATE: 7/25/2018
 CODE: 22/16

UNIT ID: 05 F250
 CLIENT ID: 28751
 PAYMENT: CC: Visa

You'll need your client ID if you want to log on to www.blackstone-labs.net and view your reports.

This is a good place to identify things like bypass filtration, mods, etc.

UNIT	EQUIP. MAKE/MODEL:	Navistar 6.0L Power Stroke	OIL TYPE & GRADE:	Shell Rotella T 15W/40
	FUEL TYPE:	Diesel	OIL USE INTERVAL:	4,907 Miles
	ADDITIONAL INFO:	This vehicle is the love of my life. I will never sell it.		

CLIENT	OSCAR HUFF	PHONE:	(828) 123-5897
	OSCAR'S WORKSHOP	FAX:	(828) 123-1547
	132 PERIWINKLE RD	ALT PHONE:	(828) 123-1564
	STE. 102	EMAIL:	oscar@bellsouth.com
	SWANNANOVA, NC 18752		

COMMENTS
 OSCAR: The fuel we spoke of last time improved to 0.5% in this sample. Iron took a big step in the right direction, too. All wear now re your engine is free of any obvi Sample report d in the proper balance to indicate ity is common to the 6.0L but the fuel may have lowered it as well. NO COALIN or moisture was found. Both silicon and insolubles read normally showing good air and oil filtration. At 47,356 total miles your PSD is wearing well. We think you could run the oil a little longer, if you're interested.

The amount of oil you added between oil changes.

ELEMENTS IN PARTS PER MILLION	MI/HR on Oil	4,907	UNIT / LOCATION AVERAGES	5,134	5,012	4,832	3,715	UNIVERSAL AVERAGES
	MI/HR on Unit	47,356		42,449	37,315	32,303	27,471	
	Sample Date	12/02/15		10/08/15	07/12/15	05/21/15	04/16/15	
	Make Up Oil	0 qts		0 qts	0 qts	2 qts	5 qts	
ALUMINUM	4	4	4	3	4	6	3	
CHROMIUM	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	
IRON	30	31	44	24	23	33	23	
COPPER	2	4	3	2	2	3	3	
LEAD	2	3	3	4	5	5	3	
TIN	0	1	0	1	2	2	1	
MOLYBDENUM	4	4	5	5	4	4	29	
NICKEL	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	
MANGANESE	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
SILVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TITANIUM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
POTASSIUM	3	3	2	1	2	2	4	
BORON	0	2	1	2	0	1	32	
SILICON	9	14	11	8	9	13	11	
SODIUM	4	3	3	3	3	4	3	
CALCIUM	3430	3437	3970	3632	3525	3015	3142	
MAGNESIUM	10	11	11	9	10	11	70	
PHOSPHORUS	1204	1190	1289	1274	1212	1246	1116	
ZINC	1345	1325	1508	1381	1392	1387	1279	
BARIUM	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	

This column shows average wear for all the samples we've seen from this type of engine.

This is the average wear for this particular type of engine for you or your business.

The additives in this column are a mix of all different types of oil, so you can't compare them to your sample.

Values Should Be*

From left to right, these are your past samples.

The tests in the Properties box look at the physical condition of the oil.

PROPERTIES	SUS Viscosity @ 210°F	65.5	69-80	65.9	65.7	63.4	60.3
	cSt Viscosity @ 100°C	11.74	12.7-15.5	11.85	11.79	11.16	10.29
	Flashpoint in °F	405	>410	390	430	390	400
	Fuel %	0.5	<2.0	2.0	<0.5	<0.5	1.0
	Antifreeze %	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Water %	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Insolubles %	0.3	<0.6	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3
	TBN	6.3		8.4	9.5	6.6	12.5
	TAN						
	ISO Code						

* THIS COLUMN APPLIES ONLY TO THE CURRENT SAMPLE

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Gas/Diesel Engine Report Explanation

Averages: Both the universal and unit averages are running averages and change with the number of samples we analyze.

Elements: Elements are quantified in the oil at parts per million levels (PPM). This list shows the most common sources of the elements in gasoline or diesel engine oil. Following each element is a description of where it comes from. They are grouped by category.

Wear Metals

Aluminum: Pistons, bearings. Clutch assembly and transmission components in motorcycles

Chromium: Rings, a trace element in steel

Iron: Cylinders, rotating shafts, the valve train, and any steel part sharing the oil. Transmission shafts/gears and bearings in motorcycles

Copper: Brass or bronze parts, copper bushings, bearings, oil coolers

Lead: Bearings, leaded gas, fuel additives

Tin: Bearings, bronze parts, piston coating (rare)

Nickel: Trace element in steel, platings on some cylinder types

Silver: Bearings

Titanium: Some intake valves and connecting rods, aftermarket parts, oil additive

Contaminants

Potassium: Antifreeze, additive in some oil types

Sodium: Antifreeze (ethylene glycol), additive in some gasoline engine oils. Sea water in marine engines

Silicon: Airborne dirt escaping air filtration, sealers, gaskets, sand-casted parts, and spray lubricants, antifreeze inhibitor, oil additive

Additives

Molybdenum: Anti-wear additive, some types of rings

Manganese: Trace element, additive in some gasoline

Boron: Anti-wear/anti-rust additive, antifreeze inhibitor

Calcium: Detergent/dispersant additive

Magnesium: Detergent/dispersant additive

Phosphorus: Anti-wear additive

Zinc: Anti-wear additive

Barium: Detergent/dispersant additive used in some synthetics

Physical properties

Viscosity/Flashpoint: If fuel is present in the oil, the Viscosity and Flashpoint will often be lower than stated in the "Values Should Be" line. A high viscosity may show oil oxidation or high levels of soot. It can also show an oil additive in use.

Fuel %: Indicates the amount of volatile fuel dilution found in the oil.

Antifreeze %: Indicates the amount of antifreeze found in the oil. A question mark means we found possible traces of coolant, but not enough to definitively say it's there.

Water %: Indicates the amount of water found in the oil.

Insolubles %: Insolubles are solid materials present in the oil. They are typically free carbon

from the oxidation of the oil itself, along with blow-by past the rings.
